

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of clustering documents or patterns each having one or plural document or pattern segments in an input document or pattern set, said method comprising:
 - (a) obtaining a document or pattern frequency matrix for the set of input documents or patterns, based on occurrence frequencies of terms appearing in each document or pattern;
 - (b) selecting a seed document or pattern from remaining documents or patterns that are not included in any cluster existing at that moment, and constructing a current cluster of [[the]] an initial state using the seed document or pattern, wherein said selecting comprises
 - (b-1) constructing a common co-occurrence matrix of the remaining documents or patterns; and
 - (b-2) using the common co-occurrence matrix to extract, as the seed document or pattern, the document or pattern having the highest document or pattern commonality to the remaining documents or patterns;
 - (c) obtaining the document or pattern commonality to the current cluster for each document or pattern in the input document or pattern set by using information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for the input document or pattern set, information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for documents or patterns in the current cluster and information based on [[the]] a common co-occurrence matrix of the current cluster, and making documents or patterns having the document commonality higher than a threshold belong temporarily to the current cluster;
 - (d) repeating step (c) until the number of documents or patterns temporarily belonging to the current cluster becomes the same as that in the previous repetition;

(e) repeating steps (b) through (d) until a given convergence condition is satisfied; and

(f) deciding, on the basis of the document or pattern commonality of each document or pattern to each cluster, a cluster to which each document or pattern belongs and outputting said cluster.

2. (previously presented) A clustering method according to claim 1, wherein step (a) further includes:

(a-1) generating a document or pattern segment vector for each of said document or pattern segments based on occurrence frequencies of terms appearing in each document or pattern segment;

(a-2) obtaining a co-occurrence matrix for each document or pattern in the input document or pattern set from the document or pattern segment vectors; and

(a-3) obtaining a document or pattern frequency matrix from the co-occurrence matrix for each document.

3. (currently amended) A clustering method according to claim 1, wherein, in step (b), said further includes:

(b-1) constructing a common co-occurrence matrix of remaining documents or patterns that are not included in any cluster existing at that moment; and

(b-2) obtaining a document commonality to the set of the remaining document or pattern set for each document or pattern in the remaining document or pattern set by using the common co-occurrence matrix of the remaining documents or patterns, and extracting the document or pattern having the highest document or pattern commonality, and constructing a current cluster of the initial state is constructed to include by making a document or pattern set including the seed document or pattern and [[the]] neighbor documents or patterns similar to the seed document or pattern.

4. (previously presented) A clustering method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) further includes:

- (c-1) constructing a common co-occurrence matrix of the current cluster and a document or pattern frequency matrix of the current cluster;
- (c-2) obtaining the distinctiveness of each term and each term pair to the current cluster by comparing the document or pattern frequency matrix of the input document or pattern set and the document or pattern frequency matrix of the current cluster; and
- (c-3) obtaining document or pattern commonalities to the current cluster for each document or pattern in the input document or pattern set by using the common co-occurrence matrix of the current cluster and weights of each term and term pair obtained from their distinctiveness, and making a document or pattern having the document or pattern commonality higher than a threshold belong temporarily to the current cluster.

5. (previously presented) A clustering method according to claim 1, further including:
 - repeating step (e) until the number of documents or patterns whose document or pattern commonalities to any current clusters are less than a threshold becomes 0, or the number is less than a threshold and is equal to that of the previous repetition.

6. (previously presented) A clustering method according to claim 1, wherein step (f) further includes:

checking existence of a redundant cluster, and removing, when the redundant cluster exists, the redundant cluster and again deciding the cluster to which each document belongs.

7. **(currently amended)** A method of clustering documents or patterns each having one or plural document or pattern segments in an input document or pattern set, said method comprising:

- (a) obtaining a document or pattern frequency matrix for the set of input documents or patterns, based on occurrence frequencies of terms appearing in each document or pattern;
- (b) selecting a seed document or pattern from remaining documents or patterns that are not included in any cluster existing at that moment and constructing a current cluster of an initial state using the seed document or pattern;

(c) obtaining the document or pattern commonality to the current cluster for each document or pattern in the input document or pattern set by using information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for the input document or pattern set, information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for documents or patterns in the current cluster and information based on a common co-occurrence matrix of the current cluster, and making documents or patterns having the document commonality higher than a threshold belong temporarily to the current cluster;

(d) repeating step (c) until the number of documents or patterns temporarily belonging to the current cluster becomes the same as that in the previous repetition;

(e) repeating steps (b) through (d) until a given convergence condition is satisfied; and

(f) deciding, on the basis of the document or pattern commonality of each document or pattern to each cluster, a cluster to which each document or pattern belongs and outputting said cluster;

A method according to claim 1, wherein [[the]] a co-occurrence matrix S^r of the document or pattern D_r is determined in accordance with:

$$S^r = \sum_{y=1}^{Y_r} d_{ry} d_{ry}^T \quad (1)$$

where:

M equals is the number of sorts of the occurring terms,

D_r equals is the [[rth]] r^{th} document or pattern in a document or pattern set D consisting of R documents or patterns,

Y_r equals is the number of document or pattern segments in document or pattern D_r , and

$d_{ry} = (d_{ry1}, \dots, d_{ryM})^T$ equals is the [[yth]] y^{th} document or pattern segment vector of document or pattern D_r , and T represents transposition of a vector.

8. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein each component of the document or pattern frequency matrix of a document or pattern set D is the number of

documents or patterns in which a corresponding component of the co-occurrence matrix of each document or pattern in the document or pattern set D does not take a [[vale]] value of zero.

9. (currently amended) A method according to claim [[1]] 7, further comprising: determining the common co-occurrence matrix T^A of [[a]] the document or pattern set D from a matrix T^A on the basis of a matrix T_1

wherein

an mn component of S^r is given by

$$S^r_{mn} = \sum_{y=1}^{Y_r} d_{rym} d_{ryn}$$

the matrix T has an mn whose mn component [[is]] determined by

$$T_{mn} = \prod_{r=1}^R S^r_{mn} \text{, and}$$

$$S^r_{mn} > 0$$

the matrix T^A having has an mn component determined by

$$T^A_{mn} = T_{mn}, \quad U_{mn} > A,$$

$$T^A_{mn} = 0 \quad \text{otherwise,}$$

where

U_{mn} represents the mn component of the document or pattern frequency matrix of the document or pattern set D; and

A denotes a predetermined threshold.

10. (currently amended) A method according to claim [[1]] 9, further comprising: determining the common co-occurrence matrix of a document or pattern set D from a matrix Q^A on the basis of T^A a matrix T whose mn component is determined by

$$T_{mn} = \prod_{r=1}^R S^r_{mn}$$

$$S^r_{mn} > 0$$

the matrix Q^A having an mn component determined by

$$Q^A_{mn} = \log T^A_{mn} \quad T^A_{mn} > 1,$$

$$Q^A_{mn} = 0 \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

11. (currently amended) A method according to claim 10, wherein z_{mm} and z_{mn} are respectively weights for a term or object feature m and a term or object feature pair m, n, and a document or pattern commonality of document or pattern P having a co-occurrence matrix S^P with respect to the document or pattern set D is given by

$$com_l(D, P; Q^A) = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} Q^A_{mm} S^P_{mm}}{\sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} (Q^A_{mm})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} (S^P_{mm})^2}} \quad (3)$$

or

$$com_q(D, P; Q^A) = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} Q^A_{mn} S^P_{mn}}{\sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} (Q^A_{mn})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} (S^P_{mn})^2}} \quad (4).$$

12. (currently amended) A method according to claim 9, wherein z_{mm} and z_{mn} are respectively weights for a term or object feature m and a term or object feature pair m, n, and a document or pattern commonality of document or pattern P having a co-occurrence matrix S^P with respect to the document or pattern set D is given by

$$com_l(D, P; T^A) = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} T^A_{mm} S^P_{mm}}{\sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} (T^A_{mm})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M z_{mm} (S^P_{mm})^2}} \quad (3)$$

or

$$com_q(D, P; T^A) = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} T^A_{mn} S^P_{mn}}{\sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} (T^A_{mn})^2} \sqrt{\sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{n=1}^M z_{mn} (S^P_{mn})^2}} \quad (4).$$

13. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein extraction of the seed document or pattern of the current cluster and construction of the current cluster of the initial state comprise:

- (a') obtaining a document or pattern commonality to the remaining document or pattern set for each document or pattern in the remaining document or pattern set by using the said common co-occurrence matrix of the remaining documents or patterns,
- (b') extracting, as candidates of the seed of the current cluster, a specific number of documents or patterns whose document or pattern commonalities obtained by step (a') are large;
- (c') obtaining similarities of the respective candidates of the seed of the cluster to all documents or patterns in the input document or pattern set or in the remaining document or pattern set, and obtaining documents or patterns having similarities larger than a threshold as neighbor documents or patterns of the candidate; and
- (d') selecting the candidate whose number of the neighbor documents or patterns is the largest among the candidates as the seed of the current cluster and making its neighbor documents or patterns the current cluster of the initial state.

14. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, further including:

detecting the distinctiveness of each term or object feature and each term pair with respect to the current cluster and detecting their weights,

the distinctiveness and weight detecting steps including:

- (a'') obtaining a ratio of each component of a document or pattern frequency matrix obtained from the input document or pattern set to a corresponding component of a document or pattern frequency matrix obtained from the current cluster as a document or pattern frequency ratio of each term or feature or each term or feature pair;
- (b'') selecting a specific number of terms or features or term or feature pairs having the smallest document or pattern frequency ratios among a specific number of terms or features or term or feature pairs having the highest document or pattern frequencies, and obtaining the average of the document or pattern frequency ratios of the selected terms or features or term or feature pairs as the average document or pattern frequency ratio;
- (c'') dividing the average document or pattern frequency ratio by the document or pattern frequency ratio of each term or feature or each term or feature pair as a measure of the distinctiveness of each term or feature or each term or feature pair; and

(d'') determining the weight of each term or feature or each term or feature pair from a function having the distinctiveness measure as a variable.

15. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, further including: eliminating terms or features and term or feature pairs having document or pattern frequencies higher than a threshold.

16. (previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein clustering is performed recursively by letting the document or pattern set included in a cluster be the input document or pattern set.

17. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 1.

18. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 2.

19. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 3.

20. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 4.

21. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 5.

22. (previously presented) A computer program product containing a computer program which, when executed by a computer, causes the computer to perform the method of claim 6.

23. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 1.

24. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 2.

25. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 3.

26. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 4.

27. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 5.

28. (Original) A computer arranged to perform the method of claim 6.

29. (currently amended) A clustering apparatus for clustering documents or patterns each having one or plural document or pattern segments in an input document or pattern set, the apparatus comprising:

a first unit for obtaining a document or pattern frequency matrix for the set of input documents or patterns, based on occurrence frequencies of terms appearing in each document or pattern;

a second unit for selecting a seed document or pattern from remaining documents or patterns that are not included in any cluster existing at that moment and constructing a current cluster of [[the]] an initial state using the seed document or pattern, wherein said selecting comprises

constructing a common co-occurrence matrix of the remaining documents or patterns; and

using the common co-occurrence matrix to extract, as the seed document or pattern, the document or pattern having the highest document or pattern commonality to the remaining documents or patterns;

a third unit

for obtaining the document or pattern commonality to the current cluster for each document or pattern in the input document or pattern set using information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for the input document or pattern set, information based on the document or pattern frequency matrix for documents or patterns in the current cluster and information based on [[the]] a common co-occurrence matrix of the current cluster, and

for making documents or patterns having the document or pattern commonality higher than a threshold belong temporarily to the current cluster;

a fourth unit for repeating the operations of the third unit until the number of documents or patterns temporarily belonging to the current cluster becomes the same as that in the previous repetition;

a fifth unit for repeating the operations of the second through fourth units until given convergence conditions are satisfied; and

a sixth unit for deciding, on the basis of the document or pattern commonality of each document or pattern to each cluster, a cluster to which each document or pattern belongs, and for outputting said cluster.

30. (new) A clustering apparatus according to claim 29, wherein the common co-occurrence matrix reflects co-occurrence frequencies at which pairs of different terms co-occur in each document or pattern of the remaining documents or patterns.

31. (new) A method according to claim 1, wherein the common co-occurrence matrix reflects co-occurrence frequencies at which pairs of different terms co-occur in each document or pattern of the remaining documents or patterns.